

# Impaired systemic arterial stiffness is associated with retinal vein occlusion



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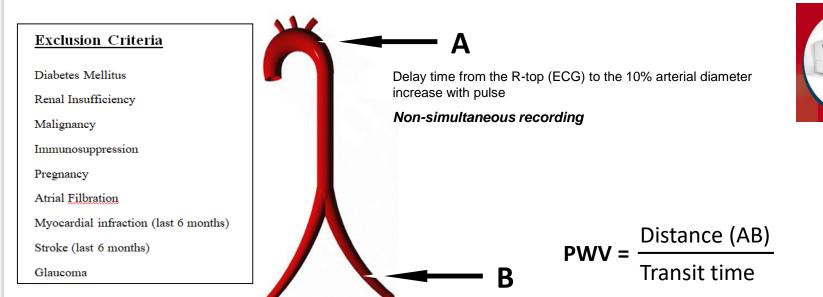


# **PURPOSE**

To study whether an association between impaired systemic arterial stiffness and retinal vein occlusion (RVO) exists.

### **MATERIALS and METHODS**

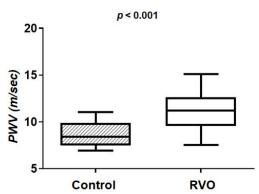
**40** patients suffering from **RVO** and **40 healthy-control subjects** were enrolled in our study. Clinical and demographic data were evaluated. Carotid-femoral pulse wave velocity (**PWV**) was measured to <u>evaluate arterial stiffness</u>.



### **RESULTS**

No significant differences were detected between the studied groups in sex, age, presence of hypertension or dyslipidemia, body mass index, systolic and diastolic blood pressure, total cholesterol levels, and smoking habits (p >0.05 for all).

	RVO	Controls	P value
Subjects (number)	40	40	
Age (years)	68±11	69±6	0.80
Male Gender (%)	48	50	0.85
BMI (Kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	28.64±4.30	27.10±3.88	0.18
Hypertension (%)	78	63	0.26
Dyslipidemia (%)	72	65	0.58
Smoking (%)	41	25	0.24
SBP (mmHg)	134±15	131±17	0.61
DBP (mmHg)	85±13	80±10	0.17
Cholesterol (mg/dL)	189 (164-231)	203 (153-242)	0.38



### PWV was also significantly and independently associated with the development of RVO.

	Odds Ratio	95% Confidence Intervals	P value
Age (years)	1.09	0.89 - 1.34	0.42
Sex (male/female)	1.01	0.06 – 17.59	0.98
BMI	1.77	0.89 - 3.54	0.11
Smoking	1.77	0.02 - 142.11	0.80
Hypertension (Yes/No)	0.16	0.01 - 17.69	0.44
Dyslipidemia (Yes/No)	3.28	0.09 – 114.65	0.51
PWV (m/sec)	4.52	1.18 – 17.39	0.04

## **CONCLUSIONS**

We have shown that **RVO** is associated with **significantly increased arterial stiffness**. Our results strengthen and highlight the vascular theory, according to which, **systemic arteriosclerosis** plays a significant **role** in the **pathogenesis of RVO**.